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1 st Term Exam-2018	
Class:- VIII	F.M-80
Sub:-Biology	Time: 2 hrs.
SECTION – A [40 MARKS]	
ATTEMPT ALL QUESTIONS FROM THIS SECTION	N
	[7]
I. Fill in the blanks with suitable words:	[5]
i. The leaves have more on their lower surface.	
ii. Transpiration is reduced if the air is	
iii. The ovule develops into a	
iv. Transfer of pollen grains from the anther to the stigma is known as	
v. Deficiency of Vitamin D causes in children.	
II. Cive two exemples of:	[5]
II. Give two examples of:	[5]
i. Communicable diseases	
ii. Disease caused by virus	
iii. False fruits	
iv. Wind pollinated flowers	
v. Aquatic plants	
III. Rewrite the false statements correctly:	[5]
i. Water enters the root hair by osmosis.ii. Transpiration is reduced if there is less humidity in the atmosphere.iii. Pollen is produced in the petals.	
iii. Pollen is produced in the petals.	
iv. Grafting is a method of sexual reproduction.	
v. Sepals and petals are the reproductive whorls of a flower.	
IV. Define the following terms:	[5]
i. Health ii. Disease	
iii. Prophylaxis iv. Vaccination v. Pathogens.	
in risphytants in racentation of randons.	
V. Choose the odd one out. Give reason for your choice.	[5]
i. Style, Stigma, Ovary, Anther	
ii. Night blindness, Scurvy, Cancer, Anaemia	
iii. Spirogyra, Potato, Mint, Ginger	
iv. Lotus, Trapa, Vallisneria, Salvia.	
v. Zinc, Nitrogen, Iron, Manganese.	
VI. State one function of:	[5]
i. Sieve tubes ii. Phloem fibres	
iii. Sepals iv. Pollen tube v. Cell membrane	
VII. Name the following:	[10]
i. Force responsible for the ascent of sap is-	
ii. Raisins swell when put in-	
iii. A flower that bears both male and the female parts is known as-	
iv. Fusion of male cell with the female cell is known as-	

v. Loss of water in the form of water vapour from the aerial parts of a plant is known as-

vi. Chlamydomonas reproduces byvii. Malaria is caused byviii. The term "vaccination" was introduced byix. A vaccine use to treat typhoidx. HIV stands for-

<u>Section-B [40 Marks]</u> <u>Attempt any four questions from this section</u>

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Q1a. Give any two features of flowers which favour pollination by: i. Insects ii. Wind iii. Water	[6]
b. Draw a well- labelled diagram of a "Bisexual flower".	[4]
 Q2a. Define "Reproduction". State three advantages and two disadvantages of vegetative reproduction. b. Why plants produce fruits and not just seeds? c. Write short notes on: i. Bryophyllum ii. Budding iii. Binary fission 	[3] [1] [6]
Q3a. Give reasons:	[5]
 i. Biting nails should be strictly avoided. ii. Public hygiene is equally important as personal hygiene. iii. Regular exercise and proper rest is must. iv. We should brush our teeth after every meal. v. Combs and hair brushes should not be shared. 	
 b. What first aid will you give in case of: i. superficial burns ii. Unconsciousness iii. Snake Bite iv. Fractures v. Swallowing poison 	[5]
Q4a. Name the following:	[5]
 i. A disease in which the eyes, the skin and the urine turns yellow- ii. An organ usually effected by tuberculosis- iii. Cover this part of your body by a handkerchief while sneezing to prevent droplet infect to others- iv. Category of pathogen that causes diseases like malaria and dengue- v. Infectious disease can be prevented by- vi. Deficiency of calcium causes- vii. A disease that weakens body's defence system against infections viii. Chemical used to destroy poison secreted by bacteria and used as vaccines- ix. The normal body temperature of a human being is x. A disease caused by the bite of an infected dog- 	ction
b. Describe the ways in which communicable diseases are transmitted through various Indirect methods.	[5]
Q5a. Draw a magnified view of the root hair, and describe how it helps in the absorption of water from the soil.b. Study the experimental set-up in figure and then answer the questions that follow:	[5] [5]

- i. Name the process being studied.
- ii. Why the pot and its soil were left uncovered?
- iii. Suggest a suitable control for this experiment.
- iv. Mention two ways in which this process is beneficial to plants.
- v. Name any four factors affecting the rate of above mentioned process.

Class: VIII F.M-80 Sub:- Catechism Time: 2 hrs. I. Complete the following Angelus prayer (10)L: The angel of the Lord declared unto Mary. R: L: Behold the handmaid of the Lord. R: L: And the word was made flesh. R: L: Pray for us R: II. Match the following (5)1. Daughter, your faith has healed you a. Jairus 2. Don't be afraid just believe b. the dead girl 3. The child is not dead but asleep c. the woman in the crowd 4. Little girl, I say to you, get up d. the widow 5. Young man, I say to you, get up e. the woman f. The mourner III. Number the correct name (5)(Jairus / Jairus' daughter / Peter, James, John / the widow / the widow's son) 1. She lived in a town called Naim. 2. He was raised from the dead. 3. She was twelve years old. 4. He was a ruler of the synagogue. 5. They went into the house with Jesus. IV. Answer the questions below (20)1. What did Jairus ask Jesus to do? 2. What happened after Jesus spoke to the girl? 3. What did the people say about Jesus? 4. To whom does the Saviour give life? 5. Who has eternal life? 6. Who is God? 7. Who made you? 8. Why did God make you? 9. What is man / woman? 10. What is faith? V. Write the following prayers: 1. Act of Faith 3 2 Act of Hope 3 3. Act of Love 3 4. Prayer to the Holy Spirit 3

5. Prayer to the Guardian Angel	5
6. Act of contrition	8
7. The Apostles' Creed	15

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1 st Term Exam-2018	
Class: VIII	F.M-80
Sub:-Chemistry	Time: 2 hrs.
Section-A [40 Marks]	
<u>All Questions are Compulsory</u> <u>1. Name the Following</u> : -	$(1 \times 5 - 5)$
	(1x5=5)
a. The change of water vapor into water	
b. strong effervescence indicates the formation of this gas.	
c. An Example of Brittle metal.	
d. Formula of Baking Soda	
e. Bronze is a mixture of	
2. A) Suggest a suitable technique to separate the constituents of the following mi	ixtures.
 Also give the reason for selecting the particulars method – a. Iron from Sulphur b. Water and alcohol c. Ammonium chloride from sand d. Salt from sea water e. Chalk powder from water B) Write the chemical name of the following and also give their chemical formul a) Sand b) chalk c) vinegar d) Common salt e) Glue 	
3. A) Classify the following as a physical or chemical change.	(½x4=2)
 a. Butter getting rancid b. Curding of Milk c. Melting of wax b. Curding of Milk d. Making of Sugar Solution B) Write the name of solvent for the following substances - a) Nail Polish b) Paint c) Iodine d) Chlorophyll 	(½ x4=2)
 C) Give one example for each of the following – a) Metal b) Metalloid c) non-metal d) Inert gas 	(½ x4=2)
D) Burning of paper is a chemical change. Give reason. Give 4 points to justify y	your answer. (2)
E) Define –a) Compoundsb) Centrifugation	(1x2=2)
4. A) Classify the following substances into compounds and mixtures.	(½ x4=2)
Milk, common salt, Iron Sulphide, Fruit juice	
B) Differentiate between (Two points)a) Compounds & mixturesb) Homogenous and Heterogeneous substance	(2x2=4)
C) Give an example for each of the following types of mixtures –	(½x4=2)
 a) Solid – solid homogenous mixture b) Solid – liquid heterogeneous mixture c) Miscible liquid 	

d) Liquid – gas homogenous mixture

D) With the help of labeled diagram explain the process of evaporation?

5. Complete the following chemical reactions.

a) BaCl₂ + Na_2SO_4 -.....+.....+...... b) 2Mg + O_2 ≁ CO_2 +.....+ H_2O c) NaHCO₃ + ≁ d) Fe + S -> e) 2K+ $2H_2O$ →+ H₂

<u>Section B (40 Marks)</u> <u>Attempt any 4 sets of questions</u>

6. a) When Sodium chloride is added to a definite volume of water and stirred well, a solution is formed, but there is no increase in the level of water. Why?	2
b) State the main postulates of kinetic theory of matter.	2
c) drying of wet clothes is an example of physical change. Explain?	2
d)How sodium chloride is different from its constituent elements ?	2
e) Give two application of chromatography?	2
7. a) Why is iron sulphide a compound ?	2
b) Burning of a candle is both a physical and a chemical change?	2
c) Why is it necessary to separate the constituents of a mixture?	2
d) What are the advantages of chromatography?	2
c) Why is it necessary to separate the constituents of a mixture?d) What are the advantages of chromatography?e) Define sedimentation and decantation?	2
8. a) When magnesium is burnt in air, there is an increase in mass after the reaction. Give reaso	n.2
b) Define – Diffusion and Brownian motion?	2
c) State law of conservation of mass. Who stated this law?	2
d) Write 4 characteristics of a compound?	2
	2
e) What do you mean by centrifugation? Give example.	Z
9. a) Write two differences between miscible and immiscible liquids	2
b) Define – mixture and solvent extraction.	2
c) How can you say that water is a compound?	2
d) Cutting of carrot into slices is an example of physical change. How?	2
e) Give two examples of each	2
a. Periodic table b. Slow change	
10. a. Explain Gravitational method with the help of labeled diagram.	2
b. Define - condensation point and Fusion.	2
c. Define inter-conversion of the states of matter. Write two factors affecting it.	2
d. Define sublimation. Give two examples of sublimable substances.	2
e. What happens to water if it is kept in a deep freezer?	2

(1x5=5)

(2)

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Class: VIII Sub:-Computer

Section A (20 Marks) Attempt all questions.

Q1. Fill in the blanks:

[10x1=10]

[5x1=5]

[10]

Time: 2 hrs.

F.M-60

- (a) is the physical path through which the message travels from the sender to the receiver.
- (b) A is an image, audio, video, graphics or text that connects one web page to another web page.
- (c) The set of rules that determines how data should be transferred over networks, compressed, and presented on the screen is called
- (d) Cable television is an example ofNetwork.
- (e) function key is used to insert a chart instantly in a worksheet.
- (f) chart looks similar to a spider net.
- (g) The mini charts that fit into a single worksheet cell to provide the visual representation of the data are known as
- (h) The cell address in a formula that does not change on copying, is considered as
- (i) function is used to count the number of numeric values in a range.
- (j) The character is used for concatenation of strings.

Q2. State whether the following statements are True or False and also if false then correct the statement. [5x1=5]

- (a) Formulas must begin with the question mark(?).
- (b) In absolute referencing, '\$' sign is used before the cell co-ordinates.
- (c) Scatter chart is the default chart type in Excel.
- (d) Area chat displays data in the form of long rectangular rods also called bars.
- (e) ISP provides internet connection to the user free of cost.

Q3. Define the following terms:

- (a) Pie Chart
- (b) Bubble Chart
- (c) Radar Chart
- (d) Web portal
- (e) Intranet

<u>Section B (40 Marks)</u> Attempt any four questions from this section.

04.

	(a)	What is a Formula? Explain with the help of an example.	[2]
	(b)	Ms Riya and her friends got a raise of 20% in their salaries. Find the total amount if their	
		present salary is Rs. 30,000. Calculate the salary by using the formula.	[2]
	(c)	What do you mean by a function? Name some of the functions.	[3]
	(d)	What do you know about Absolute Reference? Explain with the help of an example.	[3]
Q5.			[10]
	(a)	What is Chart?	[2]
	(b)	Tripti has created a chart. She wants to improve the appearance of her chart by changing	the
		background colour of its Plots area. Which option will you suggest her to perform this tas	k.[2]
	(c)	Explain the different components of a chart.	[3]
	(d)	Differentiate between Category Axis and Value Axis of a Chart.	[3]

Q6.	[10]
(a) What is computer network?	[2]
(b) Which type of network will you recommend in a school for data and hardware sharing	? [2]
(c) What is the utility of Domain Name? Explain with the help of an example.	[3]
(d) Differentiate between Router and Repeater.	[3]
Q7.	[10]
(a) What are the rules to enter a function?	[2]
(b) Explain the process of resizing a chart.	[2]
(c) What is the role of Gateway in computer networks?	[2]
(d) Differentiate between the Bluetooth and Infrared wireless technology.	[2]
(e) What is the role of transmission medium in a computer network?	[2]
Q8.	

[10]

	Α	B	С	D	Ε
1	Name	Maths	Science	English	
2	Amit	67.45	76.797	90.46	
3	Riye	86.24	56.4	98.88	
4	Aman	55.45	35.45	79.50	
5	Rahul	83.45	87.56	57.4699	
6	Priya	61.75	55.76	69.0	
7	Abhishek	90.75	78.77	51.55	
8	Jyoti	81.00	63.78	47.35	
9	Gaurav	42.3557	83.78	84.65	
10	Manish	71.673	39.46	59.23	
	total marks of Rak		SIGL		[1

(a)	Find the total marks of Rahul using function?	[1]
(b)	Find the average marks of Gaurav using formula.	[1]
(c)	Who is getting highest marks out of 10 Students?	[1]
(d)	What will be the function return if we write $=$ ODD(C6)	[1]
(e)	What will be the function return if we write =INT(B9)	[1]
(f)	What will be the function return if we write =SQRT(B8)	[1]
(g)	What will be the function return if we write =Round(C1,0)	[2]
(h)	What will be the function return if we write =Round(D5,2)	[2]

Q

Class: VIII Sub:-English Language

I. Write a com	position on any one of the following topics in about 250 words:	(20)
a.	Write a story titled 'A disappointing journey'	
b.	The best day of the week	
c.	Hobbies are a waste of time. Give your views for or against the topic.	

II. Write a letter to your father giving reasons why you need a new laptop. (10)

III. A. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

Bhagat Singh, the great revolutionary and martyr, was only 23 when in 1931 he was hanged in the Lahore jail for having thrown a bomb in the Legislative Assembly Hall in Delhi on April 8th 1929. This was the culmination of a life devoted to the great task of making India free from the British rule and then building India into a strong nation. Bhagat Singh dreamt of an India where there would be respect for every religion and where all Indians would get the basic necessities of life.

Bhagat Singh was born in 1907 in a well to do Sikh family of Punjab full of love for the country. As a child his ideal was his uncle Ajit Singh who was a great freedom fighter.

Two incidents played a major role in shaping Bhagat Singh's life. In Jalianwala Bagh in Amritsar, a peaceful gathering of unarmed people was subjected to indiscriminate firing at the orders of General Dyer. Bhagat Singh ran away from school to visit the site. He was greatly moved by the bullet marks in the walls of Jalianwala Bagh. He brought back with him some blood soaked mud in a little bottle to remind him of British cruelty.

The second incident was Lala Lajpat Rai's death in 1928. Lala Lajpat Rai was also Bhagat Singh's ideal. He was leading a protest march when he was beaten up with lathis and he died soon after. Bhagat Singh felt highly agitated and he wanted to raise a strong protest. Bhagat Singh thought of throwing a bomb in the Assembly Hall as a means of protest. The idea so many Englishmen getting killed delighted his friend Chandra Shekhar Azad. But Bhagat Singh said that he did not want to kill anybody. He only wanted to make the British rulers hear. Bhagat Singh and his friends did not try to run away after throwing the bomb. They were arrested and put to trial. In a statement that Bhagat Singh made during his trial, he said, "The bomb was necessary to awaken England from her dreams. Our sole purpose was to make the deaf hear and give a timely warning."

1.	Who was Bhagat Singh? Why was he hanged?	(2)
2.	What kind of India did he dream of?	(2)
3.	When was he born? Who was his inspiration?	(2)
4.	Which incidents shaped his life?	(4)
5.	What statement did he make at his trial?	(2)
Mak	ke sentences with: a. devoted b. peaceful c. protest d. raise	(4)
Finc	d words from the passage that mean:	(4)
a.	a person who gives his life for his country	
b.	not carrying guns or any other weapons	
c.	felt very happy	

d. an explosive device

Β.

C.

IV. Do	as directed.	(30)
A.	Correct the following sentences.	(4)
	1. More we get, more we want.	
	2. Sun is flaming ball of fire.	
	3. Indian Express has very wide circulation.	
	4. Good breakfast will give all energy needed by you.	
В.	Fill in the blanks with suitable determiners.	(2)
	5	
	6. Trees have been planted on side of the road.	
C.	Fill in the blanks with little, a little, the little, few, a few, the few etc.	(2)
	7 trees left on the hillside do not bear any fruit.	
	8. We can buy a decent lunch for ourselves because we still havemoney	left.
D.	Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs given in brackets.	
	It is compulsory to copy the questions in this section.	(8)
	9. These days we(look) for a new house.	
	10. The children (have) a lot of fun.	
	11. We paid by credit card as we sufficient cash. (have)	
	12. It (rain) hard when I left for school this morning.	
	13. I am not hungry since I(take) a glass of milk.	
	14. I (bring) my Science book to school but I can't seem to find it now.	
	15. All the drains are overflowing. I suppose it(rain) for quite some time.	
	16. Karan has joined a medical college. He(go) be a doctor.	
Б	Use suitable models in the following sentences	(4)
E.	Use suitable modals in the following sentences.	(4)
	17. I went to the chemist but I get the medicine.	
	18. Why didn't you participate? You won the tournament.	
	19. The baby is crying. It hungry.	
	20. The school fees be paid online.	
F.	Give the meanings of the following idioms.	(4)
	21. Bring out	
	22. Call back	
	23. Catch up with	
	24. Drop in	
~		
G.	Make sentences with the following words to show the difference in meaning.	(6)
	25. access/excess	
	26. affect/effect	

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27. cast/caste

Class: VIII Sub:- English Literature

F.M-80 Time: 2 hrs.

A. Give the meanings of:- $(15 \times 1 = 15)$

- i. fading crackle of your energy
- ii. grainy video footage
- iii. pressing the issue
- iv. windbreaker
- v. bilingual
- vi. immunization record
- vii. resonated
- viii. captive breeding
- ix. thrive
- x. prowess
- xi. mirage
- xii. chaplet
- xiii. double disgrace
- xiv. opened its heart
- xv. domain

B. Quote from memory the poem "The lost dances of Cranes" and mention the name of the poet. (11+1=12)

C. Complete the sentences:- (5)

a) Male gharials grow, at the end of the snout, through which they produce.

- b) Unlike other crocodiles which live in, gharials live in, eating only.....
- c) The male gharial also uses the snout to produce
- D. Read the extract and answer the questions:
 - i. Marilla saw her expression and quickly tasted the cake.
 - (a) Whose expression did she see? What was the expression? (2+2=4)
 - (b) What did she guess from that expression? What did she do to confirm the guess? (2+2=4)
 - (c) Do you think Anne noticed any of it? Can you guess why? (2+2=4)
 - ii) The territory holder surges forward, churning the water into froth with his tail.
 - (a) What or who is being talked about? (2)
 - (b) What does he surge forward towards? With what intention? (2+2=4)
 - (c) What are the two possible results? (2)
 - iii) Mrs. Lapidus nods. "The reason being?"
 - (a) The nod means she accepts. What does she accept? (2)
 - (b) She then asks for the reason. Reason for what? (2)
 - (c) Is Ashoke able to explain the reason? What does he say and what effect does it have on Mrs. Lapidus? (2+2=4)

E. Answer the questions: - (10)

- a) How do the city people react to the poor quality video? (2)
- b) What were Whitaker and his team going to do with the eggs and why? (2+2=4)
- c) What does Mrs. Lapidus do to win over Gogol's confidence? (2)
- d) What role do the magicians and musicians play in the bazaars of Hyderabad ? (2)

F. Answer in brief: - (5x2=10)

- a) Who makes ornaments for humans and pets? (1)
- b) Where do the young ones of gharials go and from where? (1+1=2)
- c) What was unusual about it? (2)
- d) What was Gogol's favourite class? (1)
- e) What do Gogol's parents teach and promise ?(1+1=2)
- f) Give a contrast between Anne and Diana?(2)

pdfelement

F.M-80 Time:2 hrs.

<u>SECTION: A (30 MARKS)</u> Attempt all the questions from this section.

Q1. a. Draw a diagram and explain "Sighting of a ship" to show the spherical shape of the Earth. (3)

b. i. With a help of a diagram explain the lines of latitude. (4)ii. Show the calculation for 1 degree latitude in km. (3)

Q2. a. Define them:(6)

- i. Geographical Grid ii. Greenwich Mean Time iii. Tropical Zone
- b. Draw a diagram to show the Heat Zone of the Earth. (4)

Q3. Locate the followings on the world map. (10)

- i. International Date line.
- ii. Greenwich mean line
- iii. Equator
- iv. London
- v. Atlantic Ocean
- vi. North Frigid zone
- vii. Indian Ocean
- viii. Russia
- ix. 82°30 '{IST} x. Allahabad

SECTION: A (50 MARKS) Answer any five sets of questions from this part.

dfelement

Q4. a. Mention the two unique features of the Earth. (2)

b. The Earth is the only Planet that has life . Give two natural conditions that favor life on the Earth.(2)

- c. What do you understand by b antipodal balance between land and water. (2)
- d. Why is the Earth called a blue planet? (2)
- e. i. What is lunar month. (1)
- ii. What do you understand by "The side illuminated by the sun". (1)

Q5.

- a. Explain the role of oxygen in the atmosphere. (1)
- b. What is meant by hydrosphere? (1)
- c. Why is moon looks bigger than any other heavenly bodies from the earth. (1)
- d. State three evidences to prove the spherical shape of the Earth. Explain any one of them. (3)
- e. i. Give reason "The shape of the Earth is not exactly that of a sphere. (2)
 - ii. Why will human being weigh less on the Moon than on the Earth? (2)

Q6.

- a. Why are latitudes called meridians? (1)
- b. How are the poles of the Earth fixed.(1)
- c. i. How are latitudes measured? (1)
 - ii. What are the limits of North Temperate Zone? (1)

- d. Explain why there is on higher latitude than 90 % and 90 %. (2)
- e. i.State two properties of the lines of latitudes. (2)
 - ii. How is the local time of a place fixed. (2)

Q7.

- a. Why is standard time considered necessary? (2)
- b. What is the International Date Line? (1)
- c. Why Is the International Date Line deviated from 180 longitude? (2)
- d. How is a Great Circle useful? (3)
- e. Except Equator, other parallels of latitude are not great circles. Why? (2)

Q8.

- a. i. What do you mean by crust of the earth. (2)
 - ii. What are the different layers of the earth? (1)
- b. Why is the lithosphere also known as "Mineral Skin"? (2)
- c. Distinguish between the Sima and Sial layer. (3)
- d State two properties of the Core of the earth. (2)

Q9.

- a. What is Mohovic Discontinuity? (2)
- b. What does the Sima layer consist of? Where is it located? (2)
- c. i. Name the two types of rocks the earth mainly consists of. (1)
- ii. Describe the mantle of the earth. 2
- d. i. What forms the base for Wegener's Continental Drift Theory? (2)

Q10.

- b. State the composition of the Sial layer. (1)
- c. Distinguish between:
 - i. Local Time and Standard time. (2)
 - ii. Parallels and Meridians. (2)
- d. Why do some countries have many time zones? Explain. (3)

Class: VIII Sub:-Hindi Lang

F.M-80 Time: 2 hrs. Remove Watermark Now

(क) राष्ट्र के प्रति विद्य (ख) मोबाइल फ़ोन- f (ग) प्रदूषण : कारण	केतना सुविधाजनक है ।	लिखें । [15]
निर्देशक को पत्र	म्त पड़ें स्थान पर वृक्षारोपण के लिप	
	- [2x3=6] १ पर शबदों के कितने भेद होते है १ बहुब्रीहि समास में अंतर स्पष्ट कर	
5. रेखांकित शब्द का लिंग परिवर्त- (क) <u>हंस</u> और (ख) <u>गृहस्वामी</u> ने (ग) <u>विद्वान</u> और	संज्ञा बनायें :- [5] अतिथि , सेवक , निकट न करके रिक्त स्तनों को पूर्ती करें झील में तैर रहे हैं । की प्रतीक्षा की । कें बीच प्रतियोगिता हुई धु ने मंदिर में प्रवेश किआ ।	[4]
-	में बदल कर वाकया निर्माण करें , लेखक , वृक्ष	[4]
	ोगृह करके समास का नाम लिखें । समास विगृह	
राजा-रंक		
राज पुत्री		
नव गृह		
8. निम्नलिखित शबदों के विलोम श	ब्द लिखें :- [4]	

मीठा , पक्ष , सरस , सुमति



9. निम्नलिखित शबदों के दो-दो अनेकार्थी शब्द लिखें – [4]
 अंक , नाग , कनक , घट

10. तत्सम शबदों को तन्द्रव में बदलें :- [4] आर्श्वर्य , अक्षि , कपोत ,जीह्ना

11. निम्नलिखित मुहावरों का अर्थ स्पष्ट करते हुए वाक्य निर्माण करें :- [4]

- ।. अपनी खिचड़ी अलग पकाना
- ॥. अक्ल का पुतला समझना
- III. काठ का उल्लू
- IV. दो दिन का मेहमान
- 12. निम्नलिखित का संधि-विच्छेद कीजिए एवं उनके भेदों को लिखिए :-[1x4=4] विरोचित्त , राजर्षि , संबोधन , रत्नाकार

13. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर उसके नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर यथासम्भव अपने शब्दों में दें – यज्ञभूमि अयोध्या से भी सौ गुनी सुंदर एक विशाल नगरी के रूप में सुसज्जित थी।आज उस नगरी का प्रातःकाल और भी महत्वपूर्ण और चमत्कृत हो उठा था।सारे नगर का जन समाज आज यज्ञ की ही नही, अपनी दैनिक दिनचर्या तक की बात भूलकर जहाँ-तहाँ, चित्र–लिखित–सा खड़ा, अपने कानों द्वारा अलौकिक संगीत–सुधा का पान क्र रहा था 1 यहाँ तक कि अयोध्यापति भी एकाग्र मन से यज्ञ नहीं कर सके चारों ओर से उमड़ती हुई जो मधुर संगीत–लहरी बढ़ी चली आरही थी,

समाज की भांति उनका चित भी उसी में डूबने-उतरने लगा। पुरोहितगण मंत्रोच्चारण करना भूल गये। रामचन्द्र आहुति का पात्र हाथ में लिए खड़े हुए। उन्होंने देखा-साक्षात् कामदेव के अवतार से दो बालक वीणा पर अपना मधुर स्वर बजाते हुए उसी ओर बढ़े चले आ रहे हैं और उनके पीप्रे-पीप्रे जनसमुदाय उसी संगीत लहरी में डूबता-उतराता चला आ रहा है

राजा रामचन्द्र की दृष्टि उन बालकों की □वि का आभास पाकर मुग्ध हो गई।वे यज्ञ जैसे भाई की दशा देखकर लक्ष्मण ने समीप आकर उनकी तन्मयता भंग की, "महाराज, कल संध्या समय यज्ञशाला में महर्षि वाल्मीकि का आगमन हुआ है। दोनों बालक उन्हीं के शिष्य हैं। महर्षि ने एक काव्य-रचना की है। दोनों बालक उन्हीं की काव्य-रचना को घूम-घूम कर गा रहे है।"

प्रश्न

[2x5=10]

- (क) यज्ञभूमि की क्या विशेषता थी?
- (ख) अयोध्या पति क्यों अपना मन एकाग्र नहीं कर सके ?
- (ग) स्वर लहरी का प्रभाव किन-किन पर पड़ा और कैसा ?
- (घ) लक्ष्मण जी ने रामचन्द्र जी को क्या बताया ?
- (ङ) अर्थ लिखेंः दशा, मुग्ध , सुसज्जित , चित्त ।

Class: VIII Sub:- Hindi Literature

F.M-80 Time:2hrs

(2)

(2)

किन्हीं आठ प्रश्नों का उत्तर दें :-

निम्न गद्यांड्रा व पद्यांड्रा को ध्यामपूर्वक पढ़कर सभी प्रश्नों का उत्तर दें -

1) बदलू य□ कर्छा सद□ □ी एक मचिय□पर बैठकर किय□ करत□ थ□ जो बहुत □ी पुरामी थी,बगल में □ी उसक□ हुक्क□ रख□ र□त□ जिस□व□ बीच-बीच में पीत□ र□त□ गाँछ में मष्ट□ दोप□र क□ समय अधिकतर बदलू का पास बीतत□ |

(क) प्रस्तुत पंक्तियँ किस पाळ स□ली गई छैं? इसका रचनाकार का नाम लिखें।	(2)
(ख) निम्न शब्दों का अर्थ लिखें- मचिय⊓ चात , सलाख, पैतृक	(2)
(ग) बदलू लाख की चूडियँ कैस□बनाता था थ	(3)
(घ) बदलू क□ चरित्र- चित्रित करें ।	(3)

2) "निर्धा लला, काम तो कई साल सावबंद है। मारी बनाई हुई चूड़ियाँ कोई पूछातब तो। गाँब-गाँब में काँच का प्रचार तो गया है।" वा कुछ दार चुप राग, फिर बोला, "मशीनी युग है न या, लला आजकल सब काम मशीन साताता है। खार भी मशीन साजोताजाता हो और फिर जो सुन्दरता काँच की चूड़ियों में तोती है, लाख में काता संभव है !"

- (क) बदलू का काम बंद क्यों था 🖉 👝 🔰 🚬 🛶
- (ख) बदलू क्य चूड़ियँ बद्यन□क□ क्य□ तरीक□ था>

 (ग) 'मशीनी युग न□कई □ाध काट दिए □ैं' स□आप क्य□ समझत□□ैं? पाठ का आधार पर बताएँ।
 (3)

(घ) बदलू कौन था उसन□अपन□ आखिरी जोड़□ क्योँ नधीं बाखा समझाकर लिखें। (3)

3) 'सफलता – या शब्द सुनतानी तन-मन में प्रसन्नता का संचार तो जाता है। वा चाता बच्चा तो या बूढ़ा, सबका चारा एक समास खिल उठता है। सफलता चाता छोटी तो या बड़ी, उससाकोई अंतर नतीं पड़ता सफलता स्वयं में ख़ुशी, उत्साता तथा प्रष्टणा का संगम है।

- (क) सफलत□ प्राप्त करन□पर लोगों की क्य□ प्रतिक्रिय□ □ोती ै? (2)
- (ख) प्रकृति □में क्य□ प्रष्टण□ दत्ती ०ै? (2)
- (ग) □र कोई सफलत□ प्राप्त कर सकत□ □ै सिद्ध करें कैसछ (3)
- (घ) आशय स्पष्ट करें- `संकल्प दृढ़ □ो तो क्य□ न□ीं □ो सकत□ ′ (3)

4) संसद्य का जो व्यक्ति अपन□ जीवन लक्ष्य, माझवता को आधार बनाकर चुनता। तै, वामा। का का। लामा। □ै| उनका विचार और काम, समय की सीमा। पार कर अमर ।ो जामा। तै| वाअन्यों का लिए प्रष्टाण। का स्त्रोत बन जामा। ऐस। व्यक्ति दढ़-निश्चयी और आत्मविश्वास सा। भरा। गोता। तै| उनका चरित्र की आभा। उनका व्यक्तित्व में झलकती ।

- (क) म□ाम व्यक्ति □ामु कोई दो विशाष्ठण शब्द प्राप्तित करें | (2)
- (ख) लक्ष्य निर्धारित करत□समय किस बात पर विचार कर लागा चाािए ? (2)
- (ग) म⊡म व्यक्तियों क□ चरित्र कैस□ □ोत□ □ै और क्योँ ? (3)

(घ) कैसा व्यक्ति कोई माजन कार्य नाीं कर पाता ?

5) "तुम्हाउटिताआ सिटमाश्रेट भी जन्म हुआ। सूर्य सेटअलग टोकर तुम्हाउटि उन्डिटेटोनटकी प्रक्रिये में बनी भाषा बादालों को रूप में वाग्रुमंडल में आछादित टो गई। यटबादाल मारेटरूप में बरसतटतो थट लक्किन तुम तो तब इतनी टठी थी कि मुझ्टठटरनटटी नटीं दाती थी । मैं बावाउटि तुम्हाडी गर्मी सेट भाषा बनकर फिर वाग्रमंडल में पहुँच जाताटि थे य

- (क) उक्त पाठ किस विध□ में लिखी गई □ इसमें कितन□पात्र □ें?
 (ख) य□ पंक्तियँ किसन□ किसस□क□ीं □ें?
 (१) पृथ्वी अपनी आरंभिक अवस्थ□ में कैसी थी?
 (3)
- (घ) पृथ्वी पर प□ड़ और घडियों क□ जन्म कैस□हुआ? (3)

6) □म पंचतत्व मामव जाति को य□ सन्दाष्ठा द□रों ों कि अपनी विचारधारा बदलो | प्रकृति का साथ सामंजस्य बनाता□हुए उसका अनुकूल □ोकर चलो | प्रकृति स□सिर्फ लागा 🛙 नीं दागा भी सीखो क्योंकि अगर अब भी सचत नठीं हुए तो आनवली पीढ़ी का लिए कुछ नठीं बचात । (क) वायु क्योँ प्रदूषित □ोती ज□ र□ी □ै? (2) (ख) □में प्रक्वितिक असंतुलन क□ सामन□ किस रूप में करन□ पड र□□ ०ै? (2) (ग) पंचतत्वों न□माजव जाति को क्या सन्दा दिया? (3) (घ) प्रकृति स□जो □मन□लिय□ □ क्य□ उस□लौटम□ संभव □ ?कैस□लिखिए? (3) 7) सुनो, एक छोटा- सा सत्य तुम्हा सौंपता हूँ धन्य 🖞 वसंत ऋतू,ठीक 🖞 पर उसकी धन्यत□ उसकी कमाई न□ीं,व□ □मन□रची □ै, □मन□ (क) फूलों को दाख़कर कवि को क्या अनुभव हुआ? (2) (ख) य□ पंक्तियाँ किसन□किसस□क□ीं 🖞?क्योँ? (2) (ग) फूल को कवि स□क्य□ शिकाखत थी? (3) (घ) निम्न शब्दों का अर्थ लिखें- तृप्त, अनायाम, ठाँब, बखाना□ (3) 8) जिसका बल,मैंन□और इसन□और उसन□यामी माराएक-एक साधी न□ मिट्टी क□ अँधरा□ फोड, सूरज स□आँखें मिलाई ौं? उस□यदि जानताताे तुमसा2भी,रॅंग जाति एक ऋत्। (क) \मिट्टी क□ अँधष्टा फोड़ / स□क्य□ ताव्य्य □ै? (2) (ख) प्रस्तुत पंक्तियँ विरुस पाळ स वी गई । हे? इसका रचनाकाउ क नाम लिखें। (2) (ग) इस कवित□ द्वारा कवि न□क्य□ सन्दा दिय□ □ै? (3) (घ) क्य□ आप इसस□स□मत 🖞 कि परिश्रम क□ फल अवश्य मिलत□ 🖞 , कैसॿ स्पष्ट करें (3)

 9)
 'मशीनी युग में □स्तकलाएँ खोती ज□ र□ी □ैं' – अपन□विचार स्पष्ट करें|
 (10)

 10)
 अपन□जीवन क□ लक्ष्य बतान□हुए य□ भी स्पष्ट करें कि आप इस□कैस□□□प्रिल करेंगछ
 (10)

(3)

Class: VIII Sub:- History & Civics

1) Fill in the blanks

F.M-80 Time: 2 hrs.

Section -A (History)

(10)

(10)

(10)

(10)

(10)

1.was the king of France at the time of revolution in 1789.

2. The principles of French revolution were.....and.....

3.....was the first Indian nationalist call the revolt of 1857 as the First War of Independence.

4. Native sepoys could not rise above the rank of.....

5. The East India company was established by a charter issued by..... in Dec 1600.

6. Very heavy duties was imposed on.....

7. Dadabhai Naoroji wrote a book called.....in which he had resented about the drain of India's wealth.

eleme

8. The Act of..... changed the Hindu law of property.

2) Explain the following

- 1. Ryotwari system
- 2. Doctrine of lapse
- 3. Dastaks
- 4. Nationalism

3) Answer the following in brief

Q1. Explain "no taxation without representation"

- Q2. What was the immediate cause of the revolt of 1857?
- Q3. What was the nature of the uprising of the revolt of 1857?
- Q4. How did English education influence the people of India?
- Q5. Write a short note on Boston tea party.

4) Answer in detail

Q1. Explain the drain of wealth? How did British drain off India's wealth and resources? Mention 5 points.

Q2.) The revolt of 1857 had for reaching consequences with reference to the Results explain.

a)	Changes in administrative set up.	(3)
b)	Policy towards the Indian princes and chiefs.	(4)
c)	Reorganisation of army.	(3)

Section – B (Civics)

I) Define the following.

- a) Qorum
- b) Arbitrary
- c) Ministerial Responsibility
- d) Parliament
- e) Franchise

II) <u>Write</u>	e short notes on	(5)
a) (Composition of Lok Sabha.	
b) (Qualification of membership of Rajya Sabha.	
III) <u>Ansv</u>	wer in very short.	(5)
a) V	Who is the present speaker of the Lok Sabha?	
b) 1	Name the two houses of parliament.	
c) V	Who has the power to issue ordinances at the Union Parliament?	
d) 1	Mention one disciplinary function of the speaker.	
e) 1	Mention one special power of Rajya Sabha.	
IV) <u>Ansv</u>	wer in detail	
1) Ex	plain the powers of the Union Parliament under the following headings.	
a) I	Financial Powers	(3)
b) 4	Amending the constitution	(4)
c) (Control over the executive	(3)
	OR	
2) How o	does a bill becomes a law? Explain the three stages.	(10)

pdfelement

Class: VIII Sub:-Moral Science

F.M-80 Time: 2 hrs. Remove Watermark Now

Answer the following questions

Q1. Explain any three factors that influence you when you make a decision.	(10)
Q2. You are practising with your new Hockey stick at home and hit the ball through a window. No	
one notices the one glass pane that is broken ,so you say nothing .Two days later, there is a bad st	orm
and the room and the room gets flooded .Then a leak develops in the flat below.	(10)
A. What options do you have now?	
B. Make a flow chart of the above situation.	
Q3. Think about the kind of person you would like to be when you become an adult. Explain,	
what steps will you take now at present to achieve your aim?	(10)
Q4. In which areas do you have low ratings? Is it in studies, activities, home, society and	
helping your neighbour. Explain any three areas by giving reason.	(10)
Q5.Is family important to you? Why? Explain giving three reasons.	(10)
Q6. What attitudes on your part, make adults treat you as Children .Discuss any three areas when	you
wish adults would understand you better.	(10)
Q7. Answer the following questionnaire by mentioning choices you have.	(10)
1. When you think your parents are too strict, you	
 When you think your parents are too strict ,you If you have a misunderstanding with your friends ,you If you have a misunderstanding with your friends ,you 	
3. If you have had an unpleasant experience with a teacher ,you	
4. When your parents ask you about an outing that you have had with a friend ,you	-
5. When you are rejected by the society and the parents, both regarding your talent ,you	

F.M-80 Time: 2 hrs.

Section: A (40 Marks)
Attempt All Questions from this Section.
I) Fill in the blanks:- $(1\frac{1}{2} \times 12 = 18)$
1. For a natural numbers $m > 1$, $(2m,m^2-1,m^2+1)$ is called
2. Multiplicative inverse of $\left(\frac{-4}{5}\right)^2$ is
3. The standard form of 0.000182 is
4. If $(-7)n \times (\frac{1}{-7})^{-3} = 7^8$, then value of n is
5. Sum of a rational number and its additive inverse is
$6. \frac{-3}{7} \div 4 = $
7. The unit digit of cube of 478 is
8. If A is any set, then An ϕ is
9. The set $\{x: x \in W, x < 3\}$ in the roster form is
10. 15 % ofis 135.
11. 21: 80 is equivalent to%.
12. C.P is when $S.P = Rs. 391$, Loss $\% = 15\%$.
II) Solve:- 1. Increases the number 240 by 15%. 2. If n (A) =16, n (B) = 13, n (AUB) = 22, then find n (AnB).
3. Find the cube of $-5\frac{1}{2}$.
4. Find the sum of $1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17 + 19$ without adding.
5. Evaluate (-4) ⁻² .
III) Solve:- (3x4=12)
1. Using distributive ,find
$\{\frac{7}{5} \times (\frac{-3}{12})\} + \{\frac{7}{5} \times \frac{5}{12}\}.$
2. Express 9^{-3} as a power with base 3.
3. Express 3.67×10^5 in usual form.

4. Express 36 Seconds a percentage of 8 minutes.

<u>Section: B (40 Marks)</u> (Attempt any Four Questions.)

IV) Evaluate:-

1.
$$\sqrt[3]{0.216}$$

2. $\sqrt{17\frac{13}{36}}$
3. $\{(\frac{1}{3})^{-2} - (\frac{1}{2})^{-3}\} \div (\frac{1}{4})^{-2}$.
4. $4\frac{5}{8} \div (\frac{-4}{9})$.

5.
$$6\frac{1}{4}$$
% of 25 Kg.

V)

V) 1. 72 % of 25 students are good in mathematics. How many are not good in Mathematics?	(3)
2. If $A = \{ \text{ factors of } 24 \}$, $B = \{ \text{ factors of } 36 \}$, then find (a) AUB (b) AnB (c) $A - B$.	(3)
3. Find the value of x for which $\left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^{x} \times \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{-1} = \frac{8}{27}$	(2)
4. Find the product of $\frac{-2}{5}$ and its additive inverse.	(2)
 VI) 1. Ayushman brought a camera for Rs. 1280.find its selling price if it is sold at (a) 15 % profit (b) 10 % loss. 	(4)
2. If $p = \frac{-8}{27}$, $q = \frac{3}{4}$ and $r = \frac{-12}{15}$, then verify that $p \times (q \times r) = (p \times q) \times r$.	(3)
3. Represent $\frac{3}{2}$ and $\frac{-3}{2}$ on the number line.	(3)
VII) 1. Divide the sum of $\frac{8}{3}$ and $\frac{4}{7}$ by the product of $\frac{-3}{7}$ and $\frac{14}{9}$.	(3)
2. Find the greater number of 5 digits which is a perfect square.	(3)
 3. In a class of 60 students, 36 students like Science, 40 students like Maths and 24 like both the subjects. Draw a Venn-diagram and find the number of students, who like (a) Maths Only (b) Science Only. (c) Either Maths or Science (d) Neither Maths nor Science. 	(4)
VIII) 1. (a) Write a Pythagorean triplet whose one number is 12. (b)By what number should $\left(\frac{3}{-2}\right)^{-3}$ to be divided to get $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{2}$.	(2)
2. Three numbers are in the ratio 1:2:3. The sum of their cubes is 7776. Find the numbers.	(3)
3. Out of 8000 candidates, 60% were boys. If 80% of boys and 90% of the girls passed the exam	1.

Remove Watermark Now

3. Out of 8000 candidates, 60% were boys. If 80% of boys and 90% of the girls passed the exam, Find the number of candidates who failed. (3)

Class: VIII Sub:-Physics

F.M-80 Time: 2 hrs.

<u>Section– A (40Marks)</u> <u>All question are compulsory</u>

Question:-1	(1x10=10)
Fill in the blanks.	
(i) The density of a body which sinks in water is than 100	0kg/m³.
(ii) Rapid conversion of water into steam is an example of	
(iii) Pressure in liquid with depth.	
(iv) The S.I unit of pressure is	
(v) Thrust is the force acting on the surface.	
(vi) The smallest unit of matter that exists in nature is called	
(vii) A block of wood of density 0.6 g/cm ³ has a volume of 50cm ³ . The mass	of block is
(viii) 1 kg is the mass of ml of water at 4 °C.	
(ix) 1 kgf = $_$ N (nearly).	
Question:-2	(3+3+4)
Differentiate between	
Differentiate between (i) Pressure and Thrust (3 points) (ii) Evaporation and boiling (3 points) (iii) Density and relative density	
(ii) Evaporation and boiling (3 points)	
(iii) Density and relative density	
Question:-3	(2 x 5=10)
Define the following	
(i) Moment of force	
(ii) Buoyant force	
(iii) Thrust	
(iv) Sublimation	
(v) Inter – molecular forces of attraction	
Question:-4	(5+5)
Rewrite the false statements correctly.	(1x5=5)
a. At high altitudes water boils above $100 ^{\circ}\text{C}$.	· · ·
b. A force always produces both the linear and turning motions.	
c. Water in a lake exerts pressure only at its bottom.	
d. The density of a piece of brass will change by changing the size or shape.	
e. Water evaporates only at 100 °C.	
Solve the numerical.	(2+3)
a. The density of alcohol is 600kg/m ³ . Express it in g/cm ³ .	
b. What force will be required to exert a pressure of 20,000 Pa on an area of	1cm ² ?

<u>Section – B (40 Marks)</u> <u>Answer any four</u>

Remove Watermark Now

Question:-5	(2+3+3+2)
a. State two factors upon which buoyant force depends.	
b. Why a potter turns his wheel by applying a force through the stick near the rim of a wheel?	
c. State three factors on which the rate of evaporation of a liquid depends.	
d. Define the term "Pressure".	
Question:-6	(2+2+6)
a. State two factors on which the pressure at a point in a liquid depends.	
b. How does the density of a liquid or gas vary with temperature?	
c. Explain the three possibilities with a diagram when a body is immersed i	n a liquid.
Question:-7	(2+3+5)
a. Explain the term melting and melting point.	
b. Why is cooling produced on evaporation of a liquid?	
c. The mass of an empty density bottle is 21.8g, when filled completely wit	h water is 41.8g and
when filled completely with liquid is 40.6g.	
Find:	
(i) The volume of density of bottle	
(ii) The relative density of liquid	
Question:-8	(2+4+4)
a. State two factors which determine the turning effect of a force on a body	
b. Write any two applications of evaporation.	- t
c. Describe an experiment in steps to determine the density of a liquid.	
Question:-9	(3+2+4+1)
a. Is it easier to cut with a sharp knife than with a blunt one? Explain.	
b. What is the law of floatation?	
. What is a submarine? How say it has made to dive and some to the surface	a of motor?

- c. What is a submarine? How can it be made to dive and come to the surface of water?
- d. What do you mean by inter-molecular spaces?